

The A. F. of L. Weekly News Service gives a brief summary of important news items occurring in the industrial, labor and political fields, and much other information that is of interest to the trade union movement.

# WEEKLY NEWS SERVICE

Entered as second-class mail September 29, 1912, at the Post Office at Washington, D. C., under the Act of August 24, 1912. Approved for mailing at special rate of postage provided for in Act of October 3, 1917, authorized July 11, 1918.

WASHINGTON, D. C., SATURDAY, AUGUST 27, 1927.

WHOLE NO. 855.

## BOYCOTTING IS ART WITH CHINESE; BUSINESS MEN FEAR THIS WEAPON

Williamstown, Mass., Aug. 27.—The Chinese can not be beaten because they "have," which is the art of the boycott," said Sir Arthur Willert, of the British Foreign Office, in a lecture before the Institute of Politics here.

The British ridiculed the idea that China can be conquered by force. Even if the plan succeeded, trade would be lost, he said.

"We realize that the time is long past when a repetition of the wars by which we imposed ourselves upon China in the last century is either possible or desirable," he said.

"The one application of force which could conceivably be effective in these days would be a great crusade of all the western nations against China, and can anyone imagine such a crusade? Apart from ethical considerations, would the voters in Great Britain or the United States go to any other country consent to go into another war, to embark upon an unthinkable expense

venture which would run counter to all the best instincts of the race? The result of such a whole East and would lead to all sorts of complications and, which, even if successful, would not get us what we want?"

"Suppose we beat China to her knees and established strong points all over her vast territory, and kept open lines of communication between these points, and so on. How would that help us? How much trade would it bring us with a people who are essentially self-supporting and have shown us they understand the art of the boycott?"

"The idea is so fantastic that I almost feel that I ought to apologize for obtruding it upon you."

Sir Arthur's reference to the Chinese and their power to boycott comes from first-hand knowledge. The recent boycott of British goods by Hong Kong Chinese cost these business men more than \$1,000,000 a day.

## NON-UNION COAL CENTER MENACES PUBLIC SAFETY

Pittsburgh, Aug. 27.—Farmers and business and professional men in several towns and counties in this county have protested to Sheriff Brantley B. Braun against law defiance by the Pittsburgh Coal Company and the Pittsburgh Terminal Coal Company. Both concerns repudiated their contracts with the United Mine Workers and are attempting to operate on the non-union basis.

The latter concern has asked for an injunction that will prohibit a suit company from posting bonds in several towns when attempts are made to evict them and their families from the premises.

Both companies, the petitioners state, "have imported men of all descriptions, and many of them are desperate characters. They are armed with deadly weapons, carrying the safety of our people and are a serious menace to the peace and order of the county. Razor and gun reign in the mining camps. Bootlegging, prostitution, gambling, and other evils are going on under the protection of the non-union concern. These people come to school armed with pistols, and are a menace to the safety of the community."

## FOE OF SOCIAL WELFARE FIGHTING FOR POWER

Bristol, Pa., Aug. 27.—This town vote next month to substitute its volunteer fire departments for a paid force.

Everyone is interested in the question, and none more so than Joseph R. Grundy, president of the Pennsylvania Manufacturers' Association, and bitter foe of child labor legislation and other progressive proposals.

Grundy's political life is involved in what would ordinarily be considered a local question, but he is looking for a chance to show his political muscle control of the Republican county machine. This would blast his hope of controlling the State organization.

Grundy is known as the "vindicator of the right" and has been a vindictive fighter who ever appeared in State politics. He has been a leader in the fight against child labor legislation, and has been a leader in opposing social legislation.

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## OLD RAILROAD CANARD RETOLD BY LOBBYIST

Denver, Aug. 27.—Clarence Hamilton, owner of the Colorado Springs Gazette, will be more careful the next time he publishes the old canard that the railroads were reduced to poverty under Government control during the World War.

Haston Thompson, former chairman of the Federal Trade Commission, who was active in Washington during the war, answers the charge that the railroads were reduced to poverty under Government control during the World War.

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## "REDS" MAKE FALSE CLAIM

New York, Aug. 27.—The deposed Communist John W. Smith has been quoted by the International Fur Workers' Union claim that they are affiliated with the "reds."

"There has been a greater amount of false propaganda put out on any subject than on any other subject," said Smith. "The 'reds' are not a threat to the railroads under Government control, as they are not."

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## MUSICIANS RAISE WAGES

Chicago, Aug. 27.—Members of the Chicago symphony orchestra, who are to be paid \$100 a week, the new minimum is \$100.

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## INDUSTRY EXACTS FRIGHTFUL TOLL

Industry's heavy toll on workers is indicated in the annual report of New York State Industrial Commissioner James A. Hamilton.

There were 93,984 accidents to workers who were disabled enough to be away from their employment one week or more. There were several hundred thousand others injured who recovered within seven days.

More than 18,600 were left with an injury that permanently, if not partly, handicapped them for future work. Amputations of fingers, arms, hands, feet and loss of the use of these members, or eyesight, in whole or in part, made up the bulk of partial disabilities.

The compensation awarded—\$28,000,000—is a poor recompense for this unwarranted levy on the manhood of America.

Even if suffering could be paid for, the fixed maximum of \$20 a week for a breadwinner is not sufficient. Deaths and accidents in industry are a challenge to humanity.

War seems child's play beside the industrial machine that so silently and so effectively exacts its toll.

## BUSINESS MEN LIMIT OUTLET

Talk of business men limiting production a few years ago would be considered treasonable.

Now it is safe to discuss a subject that is given the soothing title of "limiting production." However, they still attempt to limit production. Any suggestion by them to shorten the work week is opposed.

Modern cotton growers publicly agreed last year to reduce this crop, and bankers refused to extend loans where the agreement was broken.

Only recently a cabinet official called on farmers to "stabilize output" and operators are now discussing a nation-wide check on oil production that endangers prices.

These business men are encouraged by the inaction of the Government in the case of oil operators in the Seminole field of Oklahoma, who are trying to limit their output. The plan was cautiously launched, and as no public protest was made, it is proposed to extend the scheme.

The business men's new viewpoint is one of the many revolutionary changes that are taking place in industry and which seem to be unnoticed by the general public.

## FINANCIAL MAGAZINE TELLS FORD TO REMEDY HIS WORK CONDITIONS

From Forbes' Magazine, New York City.

Is Henry Ford ignoring the unpleasant conditions existing in his plants?

Many Ford employees who have complained bitterly express the view that Mr. Ford personally is unaware of what goes on in his plants.

It was hard to accept any such assumption before Mr. Ford's confession of the dirty knowledge of his own plants. The plan was cautiously launched, and as no public protest was made, it is proposed to extend the scheme.

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## LONG CRAFT DISPUTE ADJUSTED BY GREEN

New York, Aug. 27.—A conference arranged by President Green of the American Federation of Labor has resulted in a jurisdictional agreement between the long craft and the International Union of Marine and Shipbuilding Workers of America.

The agreement was signed by the two organizations, and the dispute was adjusted by Green.

## CANADIAN UNIONISTS HOLD LARGE MEETING

Edmonton, Alberta, Aug. 27.—Every day the Dominion was reported at the annual convention of the Canadian Union of Public Employees.

The meeting was held in Edmonton, Alberta, and was attended by a large number of unionists.

## REGULAR PAY FOR WOMEN

Portland, Ore., Aug. 27.—Equal pay for women was the subject of a meeting of the Hotel and Restaurant Workers' Union and the Butchers' and Meat Packers' Union.

The meeting was held in Portland, Ore., and was attended by a large number of unionists.

## Compensation Cost Smallest Item

Employers and Industry Must Pay

Washington, Aug. 27.—Accident costs employers pay is four times the total cost represented by compensation and liability claims and medical treatment.

This statement was made by Herbert W. Heinrich of the Travelers' Insurance Company in a recent speech.

The insurance company is investigating accidents from an economic basis. From information already secured, the results are so startling and far-reaching that employers will have to abandon present theories that compensation they pay covers the total cost of industrial accidents, says Mr. Heinrich.

## TROOPS GUARD MILLS

Hendersonville, N. C., Aug. 27.—Two companies of State troops are guarding the mills where 1,200 textile workers struck to establish a 12% per cent wage cut.

The troops were ordered out when the management refused to operate full time, but the management has since agreed to operate full time.

## WIREMEN APPROVE NEW PENSION PLAN

Detroit, Aug. 27.—Adoption of a pension system for members over 65 years of age was a feature of the biennial convention of the Brotherhood of Electrical Workers.

The plan was approved by the members, and the pension system will be established at the annual headquarters in Washington.

## EMPLOYMENT DROPS; LIKEWISE PAY ROLLS

Washington, Aug. 27.—Employment pay rolls decreased in July, as compared with June, the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics reports.

The report shows that employment dropped 1.1 per cent, and pay rolls dropped 1.1 per cent.

## P. O. CLERKS TO MEET

Indianapolis, Aug. 27.—The biennial convention of the Post Office Clerks' Association will convene in the city here on September 1.

The convention will be held at the Indiana State Hotel, and will be attended by a large number of clerks.

## MATHEWS WILL BE RE-ELECTED

Chicago City, Aug. 27.—The annual convention of the Photo Engravers' Union elected Mathews as president for the term.

The convention was held in Chicago, and was attended by a large number of members.

## FINAL SACCO APPEAL FORWARDED BY GREEN

Washington, Aug. 27.—President Green made an eleven-point appeal to Governor Fuller for the release of Sacco and Vanzetti.

The appeal was forwarded by President Green and supplemented by a letter from the National Labor Union.

President Green's last full appeal summarized organized labor's position in the case of Sacco and Vanzetti. He pointed out that the case was a matter of life and death, and that the government was not allowed to exist in this richest nation of history, said the cabinet officer.

In a speech at Washington on June 14, this year, "While we have reached the highest point in material prosperity ever achieved, there is a considerable class of unskilled workers who have not come into full participation of the wealth of the nation."

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"Morally, economically, and in the grounds of simple humanity, this inequality should not be allowed to exist in this richest nation of history," said the cabinet officer.

The labor union spokesmen stated that the case of Sacco and Vanzetti was a matter of life and death, and that the government was not allowed to exist in this richest nation of history, said the cabinet officer.

"While the personalities of Sacco and Vanzetti may mean little to the majority of the nation, the integrity of our courts and in the eyes of the world, the case is of transcendent importance. The success of our government depends upon the confidence which it commands in its institutions, and in its government."

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## GREEN'S LABOR TALK TO BE NATION-WIDE

New York, Aug. 27.—The Central Labor Union and Labor Council for New York City will hold a radio talk by William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor.

The talk will be held on August 27, and will be broadcast on the radio.

## JOHN P. FREY ELECTED TO METAL TRADES OFFICE

Washington, Aug. 27.—John P. Frey of the International Metal Workers' Union was elected to the office of the International Union of Marine and Shipbuilding Workers of America.

The election was held in Washington, and Frey was elected by a large majority.

Mr. Frey is well known to trade unionists throughout the world. For many years he has been active in the labor movement, and has been a leader in the fight against child labor legislation.

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## SAFETY PLAN IS BEST

Columbus, Ohio, Aug. 27.—"Safety before speed" was the theme of a meeting of the Columbus Chamber of Commerce and the Columbus Industrial Union.

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## MEAT PACKER'S DEATH RECALLS WELFARE PLAN

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## LOW WAGES AFFECT MILLIONS; PROSPERITY NOT KNOWN HERE

Washington, Aug. 27.—"There are 140 million people in the world, and only 10 million of them are in this country whose earnings, under the requirements of healthful living and good citizenship," says the Monthly Labor Review, issued by the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Reference is made to a speech by President Coolidge, at Hammond, Ind., on June 14, this year: "While we have reached the highest point in material prosperity ever achieved, there is a considerable class of unskilled workers who have not come into full participation of the wealth of the nation."

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## CLOAK TRADE HARMED BY ANTI-UNION LITIGATION

New York, Aug. 27.—The cloakmakers' drive to eliminate non-union shops in this city is successful. More than 20,000 non-union cloakmakers have been driven out of the city, and the industry is now almost entirely union.

The drive was led by the International Union of Garment Workers, and was successful in driving out the non-union cloakmakers.

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Few people enjoy real liberty; we are all slaves to ideas or habits.—Alfred De Musset.

Vol. 17, No. 24.

Published by the American Federation of Labor, 1515 K Street, N.W., Washington, D. C.

Subscription price, \$1.00 per year in advance.

Single copies, 10 cents.

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